

Introducing the RHS peatfree Fellowship

Mark Gush

Head: Environmental Horticulture
Science & Collections Division, Wisley
Royal Horticultural Society





Royal Horticultural Society

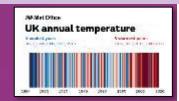
- RHS is a gardening charity Founded in 1804.
- Founding Purpose: To improve the <u>Science</u>, <u>Art</u> and <u>Practice</u> of Horticulture.
- Member / visitor funded (members = 635 000+)
- 5 RHS Gardens across the UK (2.7m visitors annually)
- 1000+ staff and 1300+ volunteers.
- Science (>100 staff: scientists / advisors / technicians).
- Supporting ~28 million UK gardeners.







Climate Context



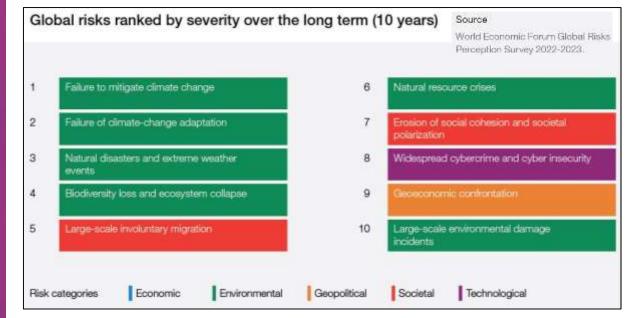
- Anthropogenically increased GHGs, population growth, urbanisation & increasing competition for resources, including water.
- Impacts on climate, hydrological cycle, biodiversity, environmental & human health.
- Increase in extreme weather events: rainfall intensity, record UK temps, heatwaves, drought.
- > Risks associated with these.

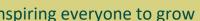




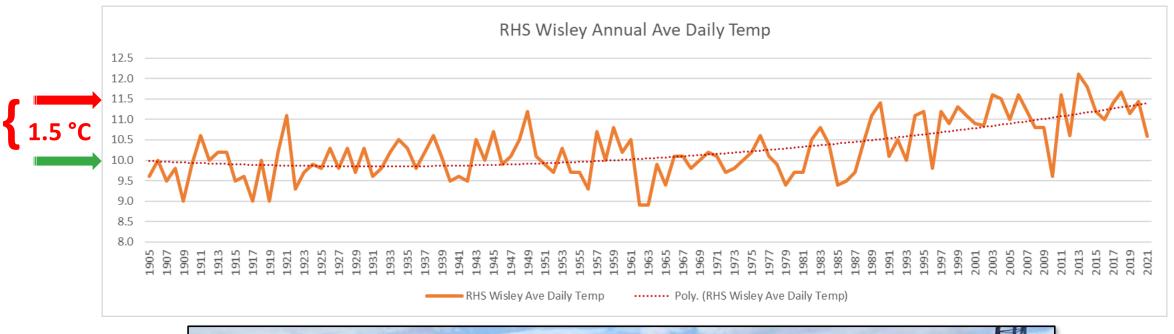


https://www.bbc.co.uk/news/science-environment-62382703





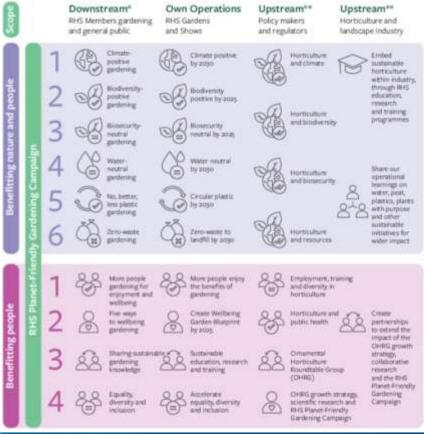






RHS Sustainability Strategy





RHS Planet-friendly Gardening Campaign



https://www.rhs.org.uk/gardening-for-theenvironment/planet-friendly-gardening-tips



Gardens: an important land-use type

- Up to 30% of UK urban area = domestic gardens¹.
- Estimated to cover 521 872 ha in total¹.
- Including domestic gardens beyond urban areas = 728 891 ha for Great Britain².
- Represents 3.5% of Great Britain, but a land-use type that 87.5% of UK residents have access to³.
- Significance of gardens to urban areas, landscapes, catchments.
- Need science research / evidence-based guidance.



¹ Office for National Statistics (ONS). (2019). UK natural capital: urban accounts: Private Outdoor Space. https://www.ons.gov.uk/economy/environmentalaccounts/bulletins/uknaturalcapital/urbanaccounts.

² Office for National Statistics (ONS). (2020a). Access to gardens and public green space in Great Britain. https://www.ons.gov.uk/economy/environmentalaccounts/datasets/accesstogardensandpublicgreenspaceingreatbritain.

³ Office for National Statistics (ONS). (2020b). One in eight British households has no garden. https://www.ons.gov.uk/economy/environmentalaccounts/articles/oneineightbritishhouseholdshasnogarden/2020-05-14.





Environmental Horticulture: Team



Head of Environmental Horticulture

Mark Gush

Post-doctoral Fellow (Well-being) Lauriane Chalmin-Pui

Post-doctoral Fellow (Tree traits & ES) Elisabeth Larsen

Post-doctoral Fellow (Sustainable Horticulture) Chloe Sutcliffe

Post-doctoral Fellow (Transition to Peat-free) Raghavendra Prasad Principal Horticultural
Scientist
Tijana Blanusa

Senior Soil & Climate
Change Scientist
Marc Redmile-Gordon

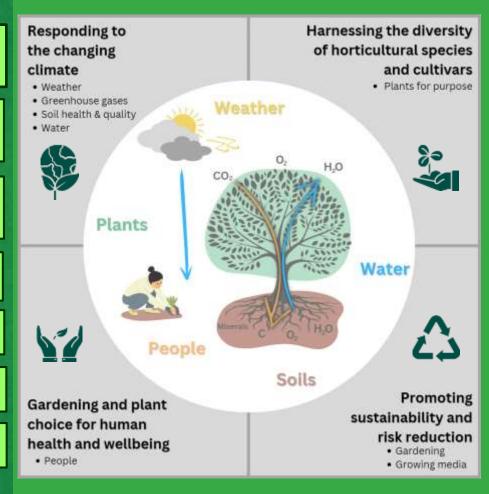
Water Specialist Nicholas Cryer

Research Technician
Joe Barker

Research Assistant Rachael Tanner

Research Assistant Amanda Seemungal

Research Focus Areas



ow

Water Management in Gardens

Promoting more effective & efficient use of water in RHS gardens & the wider horticultural community) – KTP project



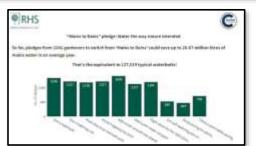












https://www.Mains2Rains.uk
3365 Pledges, potentially saving
40.6 million litres of mains water







Soil and Climate Science at the RHS

- Soil Health: Its ability to act as a carbon sink and store carbon from plants. Its delicate balance of solids, air and water impacting gas exchange, hydrology and biodiversity. The staggering levels of biotic life and biodiversity it contains.
- Peat-Free Carnivores: Wild carnivorous plants depend on peatland habitats. Propagated carnivores have a reputation for also depending on peat. Horticultural exploitation of peatlands is problematic for biodiversity and climate. Aim: to demonstrate that even these challenging plants can do equally well (or better) in peat-free media.







$v \equiv$

Fellowship: Transition to Peat-Free Why Peat-Free?

Peat bogs:

- Act as vital Carbon sinks
- Regulate landscape Hydrology
- Support unique & abundant Biodiversity



- ✓ Mitigate the climate and biodiversity crises
- ✓ Contribute towards meting the **net zero 2050 target** of the UK





Specific challenges: Transition to Peat-Free

- 1. Peat-free plant propagation and plug production
- 2. New / novel growing media raw materials (replacing 950 000 m³ (2022) of peat)
- 3. Grower protocols for peat-free horticulture
- Solutions for Challenging Plant Groups Carnivorous,
 Ericaceous and Proteaceous
- 5. Public / Industry engagement facilitating the transition to peat-free horticulture













- Supporting the horticulture industry, domestic gardeners and RHS transition to peat free growing
- Promoting environmentally sustainable, economically viable, and effective growing media solutions
- Guiding on efficient and effective use of resources substrates, water and nutrients
- Contributing towards delivery of the RHS Sustainability strategy Nature target 1: Climate Positive by 2030, through the RHS Peat-Free Pledge: 100% Peat-Free in all RHS operations by 2025





Project Partners and Collaborators























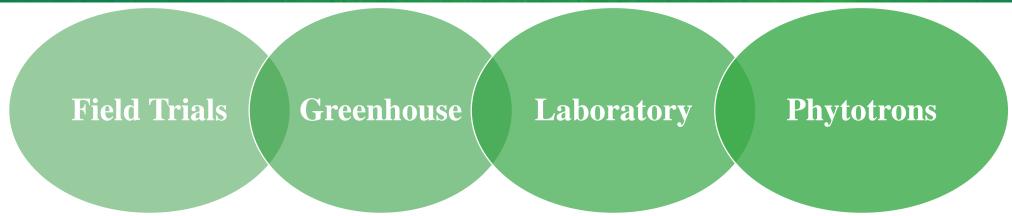
owing Media nufacturers Gardeners & Consumers



RHS Research Facilities



Research Trials



- Collaborative trials between RHS and commercial partners
- Outdoor and indoor
- Aim: to meet the practical requirements of the production system in which peat-free substrates are being utilized





RHS resources to support the UK Transition to Peat-Free

Science – Research Studies

Post Doctoral Fellowship

Dr. Raghavendra Prasad

PhD's

- Food Safety (Sep 2023)
- Peat-Free Propagation (Jan 2024)
- Behavioural Science (Jan 2024)







Technical support, communication and dissemination

- Peat Free Transition Technician Nikki Barker
- Peat Free Campaign Manager Claire Thorpe
- Peat Free Research assistant To recruit
- HTA and RHS collaborative workshops to assist growers.



Knowledge and technology transfer: Key stake holders Communication and Dissemination

RHS

- Project Reports
- RHS web-pages
- RHS Shows
- Workshops / Field visits
- Media communications

Government

- Reports
- Press related queries

Professional and amateur horticulturists

- Technical advice on adaptation & practical management of peat-free growing medias
- Grower protocols
- Advice on sustainable use of substrates, water and nutrients

Non-scientific audience

- Online content & advice
- Popular articles

Scientific audience

- Peer-reviewed journal publications
- Conferences / Presentations
- Post-Doc, PhD & MSc supervision.



Conclusions



Solutions for a successful transition to peat-free horticulture

- ✓ Support growers through research: Evidencebased guidance required
- **✓** Alleviate pressure from domestic gardeners on supplies of peat-free grow media:
 - ✓ Educate and advise on appropriate use of bagged growing media
 - ✓ Encourage home composting for soil improvement
- ✓ Lobby government for increased industry support during transition
- ✓ Continue industry engagement, collaboration, communication and leading by example.
- ✓ Perception change + evidence = behaviour change
- ✓ Further the SCIENCE, ART & PRACTICE of horticulture.



Thank you!

